## KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN REGIONAL OFFICE BHOPAL CLASS XI CBT FEBRUARY-2024, SUBJECT- PHYSICS

## **TOPIC- Kinetic Theory of Gases**

- 1. Every periodic motion is \_
  - a. Simple harmonic motion
  - b. Not simple harmonic motion
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None

**Answer: Not simple harmonic motion** 

- 2. The period of SHM does not depends on the
  - a. Amplitude
  - b. Energy
  - c. Phase Constant
  - d. All

Answer: All

- 3. The force acting in simple harmonic motion is proportional to displacement and is always directed
  - a. Away from the centre of motion
  - b. Towards the centre of motion
  - c. Both
  - d. None

Answer: Towards the centre of motion

- 4. The motion which repeat itself after equal interval of time is called as
  - a. Non periodic motion
  - b. Periodic motion
  - c. Uniform Motion
  - d. Non uniform motion

**Answer: Periodic motion** 

- 5. The angular frequency w is related to period T as
  - a.  $W = 2\pi T$
  - b.  $W = 2\pi/T$
  - c. W = 2/T
  - d.  $W = T/2\pi$

Answer:  $W = 2\pi/T$ 

- 6. The average distance a molecule can travel without colliding is called as
  - a. Free path
  - b. Mean free path
  - c. Mean distance
  - d. average distance

Answer: Mean free path

- 7. At constant temperature, pressure is inversely proportional to volume is called as
  - a. Charle's Law
  - b. Boyle's Law
  - c. Zeroth law of thermodynamics
  - d. First law of thermodynamics

**Answer: Boyle's Law** 

- 8. In equilibrium, the total energy is equally distributed in all possible energy modes having an energy equal to 1/2KB T, this is called as
  - a. Boyle's law
  - b. Charle's law

- c. law of equipartition of energy
- d. None

Answer: law of equipartition of energy

- 9. The diatomic gas molecule has total \_\_\_\_\_ degrees of freedom
  - a. 4
  - b. 3
  - c. 2
  - d. 5

Answer: 5

- 10. The molar specific heat at constant volume for monoatomic gas molecule is given by
  - a. 1/2RT
  - b. 3/2RT
  - c. 5/2RT
  - d. RT

Answer: 3/2RT